

Projectile motion
Angular motion: Vertical and horizontal motion

Proficiency:

- What are the individual X/Y components of velocity and acceleration (level 1)
- How much time will the object be in the air? (level 2)
- What is the maximum height? (level 3)
- What is the maximum distance traveled? (level 3)



1. A rock is launched at ~~20°~~^{40°} at 30m/s. (~~level 1~~)

Determine the initial Velocity and Acceleration in each plain.

Acceleration (x): 0 Acceleration (y): -9.8

x: $\cos(40^\circ) \cdot 30 = \boxed{22.9}$ y: $\sin(40^\circ) \cdot 30 = \boxed{19.2 \text{ m/s}}$

Velocity (x): _____ Velocity (y): _____

2. How much time is the rock in the air? (level 2)

y component

$v_f = v_i + at$

$0 = 19.2 + -9.8t$
 $\frac{-19.2}{-9.8} = t_{1/2} = 1.95 \text{ sec}$

3. What is the maximum height of the rock? (level 3)

y @ 1.95 sec

$y_t = y_0 + v_i t + \frac{1}{2} a t^2$

$\square = 0 + 19.2(1.95) + \frac{1}{2}(-9.8)(1.95)^2$
 $37.5 - 18.6 = \boxed{18.8 \text{ m}}$

3.9 sec

4. What is the maximum distance the ball will travel along the ground? (~~level 3~~)

@ 3.9 sec

$x_t = x_i + v_i t + \frac{1}{2} a t^2$ $\square = 0 + 22.9(3.9) + 0 = \boxed{89.3 \text{ m}}$

5. If the object is launched from a vehicle traveling 5m/s ~~at~~ 20° at 30m/s relative to the truck. Determine the initial Velocity and Acceleration in each plain.

Acceleration (x): 0 Acceleration (y): -9.8

x: $\cos(20^\circ) \cdot 30 = 28.1 + 5 \text{ m/s} = \boxed{33.1 \text{ m/s}}$ $\sin(20^\circ) \cdot 30 = \boxed{10.2 \text{ m/s}}$

Velocity (x): _____ Velocity (y): _____

6. How much time is the rock in the air? (~~level 2~~) only y -

$v_f = v_i + at$ $t_{1/2}: 0 = 10.2 + -9.8(t)$

$\frac{-10.2}{-9.8} = 1.04 \times 2 = \boxed{2.08 \text{ sec}}$

Time of Max height = 1.04 sec

7. What is the maximum height of the rock? (level 3)

only y: $y_t = y_0 + v_i t + \frac{1}{2} a t^2$ $\square = 0 + 10.2(1.04) + \frac{1}{2}(-9.8)(1.04)^2$
 $\boxed{5.3 \text{ m}} = 10.6 - 5.3$

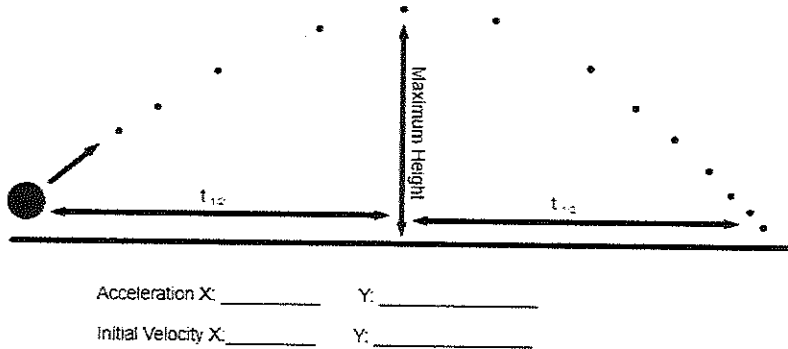
8. What is the maximum distance the ball will travel along the ground? (~~level 3~~)

x @ 2.08 $x_t = 0 + 2.08 \cdot 33.1 = \boxed{68.8 \text{ m}}$

$a = 0$

Projectile Motion Angular

How do I calculate the time the object is in the air?



1. A rock is launched at 20° with a velocity of 35m/s.

Step 1: Break apart the vector into its individual X/Y components (Level 1)

$$x: \cos(20) \cdot 35 = 32.8 \text{ m/s}$$

$$y: \sin(20) \cdot 35 = 11.97 \text{ m/s}$$

Step 2: How much time is the rock in the air?

Time in the air is normally one of the first things we need to know!

X: Determines distance traveled

Y: Determines the time in the air and height at specific times.

Method 1: Utilizing the fact that the Y component velocity is zero at the peak.

$v_f = 0$ only Y component

$$v_f = v_i + at$$

$$0 = 11.7 + (-9.8)(t)$$

$$t_{1/2} = \frac{-11.7}{-9.8} = 1.22 \text{ sec}$$

time up

full time = 2.44 sec

Method 2: Utilizing the distance formula to solve for $x_t = 0$. At what time is the rock at location of zero. The answer is twice. At the beginning and at the end.

$$S = X + vt + 0.5at^2$$

Solving for t, when $S = 0$ will require a quadratic and will give 2 answers, one for each time it is at the zero point.

only "Y" component

$$Y_t = Y_0 + v_i t + \frac{1}{2} a t^2$$

$$0 = 0 + 11.97(t) + \frac{1}{2}(-9.8)t^2$$

$$0 = 11.97(t) - 4.9t^2$$

use quad solver.

$$t = 2.44 \text{ sec}$$